

La Sala Delle Carte Geografiche In Palazzo Vecchio Capriccio Et Invenzione Nata Dal Duca Cosimo Ediz Illustrata

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**Heroisierung als visuelle Rhetorik in
Standbildern der Frühen Neuzeit in Italien**

und Frankreich - Katharina Helm 2022-05-17
Die kunsthistorische Monografie gibt in großer

Systematik einen Überblick über die verschiedenen Formen der Heroisierung im öffentlichen Standbild, derer man sich in der Frühen Neuzeit in Italien und Frankreich bediente. Der vorgestellte Themenbereich erschließt sich damit unter einer Fragestellung, die in der Forschung bisher nur wenig Beachtung fand. Da sich die Visualisierungsweisen des Heroischen im betrachteten Zeitraum nicht eindeutig festschreiben lassen, wählt die Verfasserin einen eigenen Zugriff: Sie versteht die künstlerische Ausgestaltung der Monumente als Teil eines Kommunikationsprozesses und wendet ein selbst erarbeitetes Systematisierungsmodell auf den heterogenen Denkmalbestand an. Die vier Kategorien dissimulative, imitative, individualisierende und gesteigerte Heroisierung bilden ein Gliederungsgerüst, das dazu anregt, die gestellten Fragen auch mit Bezug auf andere Epochen weiterzudenken.
A Companion to Astrology in the Renaissance -

Brendan Dooley 2014-01-02

Brill's Companion to Renaissance Astrology brings together a wide array of expertise from around the globe to explain the method and matter of this unique cultural form, summarizing the current state of research and suggesting new paths.

Weekend low cost in Italia - Giuseppe Ortolano 2015-04-16

Una vacanza è una vacanza, anche - o forse soprattutto - quando dura poco! Ma con un tempo ridotto a disposizione, niente deve essere lasciato al caso. Grazie a questa guida scoprirete sessanta mete imperdibili e poco conosciute sparse in tutta Italia, dal mare alla montagna alle città d'arte: posti veri, dove la cucina, la cultura e l'accoglienza turistica sono ancora genuine e a buon mercato. Vi attendono suggestive magioni infestate nel parmense, spiagge bellissime e vestigia romane sulle isole pontine, borghi e castelli medievali (per non parlare dell'olio agrumato) lungo la costa

abruzzese dei Trabocchi, l'incantevole barocco siracusano e naturalmente le innumerevoli sfumature della tavola italiana. Tanti itinerari semplici da consultare, perfetti per chi sceglie la formula del weekend lungo e breve per i propri viaggi di piacere. Ogni proposta è corredata da cartine e dalle informazioni logistiche necessarie per muoversi a colpo sicuro, da nord a sud, alla scoperta di un'Italia bellissima e sostenibile.

Toscana e Umbria - Virginia Maxwell 2010

Conquête ottomane de l'Égypte (1517) -

Benjamin Lellouch 2012-09-19

Conquête ottomane de l'Égypte (1517) propose de mesurer l'impact de la défaite mamelouke face aux Ottomans sur les structures sociales, politiques et culturelles de l'Égypte, ainsi que sur les équilibres géopolitiques en Méditerranée, et d'étudier comment les contemporains perçurent l'événement. *Conquête ottomane de l'Égypte (1517)* examines how far Selīm Ist's victory and the subsequent fall of the Mamluk

sultanate altered the political, social and cultural structures in Egypt, how far it transformed the balance of powers in the Mediterranean, and how contemporaries perceived this major event.

Classical Art - Caroline Vout 2018-05-29

How did the statues of ancient Greece wind up dictating art history in the West? How did the material culture of the Greeks and Romans come to be seen as "classical" and as "art"? What does "classical art" mean across time and place? In this ambitious, richly illustrated book, art historian and classicist Caroline Vout provides an original history of how classical art has been continuously redefined over the millennia as it has found itself in new contexts and cultures. All of this raises the question of classical art's future. What we call classical art did not simply appear in ancient Rome, or in the Renaissance, or in the eighteenth-century Academy. Endlessly repackaged and revered or rebuked, Greek and Roman artifacts have gathered an amazing array of values, both positive and negative, in each

new historical period, even as these objects themselves have reshaped their surroundings. Vout shows how this process began in antiquity, as Greeks of the Hellenistic period transformed the art of fifth-century Greece, and continued through the Roman empire, Constantinople, European court societies, the neoclassical English country house, and the nineteenth century, up to the modern museum. A unique exploration of how each period of Western culture has transformed Greek and Roman antiquities and in turn been transformed by them, this book revolutionizes our understanding of what classical art has meant and continues to mean.

Bollettino della Reale Società geografica italiana - Società geografica italiana 1921

Arte e storia - 1882

The Mapping of Power in Renaissance Italy - Mark Rosen 2015

This well-illustrated study investigates the symbolic dimensions of painted maps as products of ambitious early modern European courts.

Library of Congress Subject Headings - Library of Congress 2011

Library of Congress Subject Headings - Library of Congress 2013

Giorgio Vasari and the Birth of the Museum

- Maia Wellington Gahtan 2017-07-05

Giorgio Vasari and the Birth of the Museum offers the first dedicated and comprehensive study of Vasari's original contributions to the making of museums, addressing the subject from the full range of aspects - collecting, installation, conceptual-historical - in which his influence is strongly felt. Uniting specialists of Giorgio Vasari with scholars of historical museology, this collection of essays presents a cross-disciplinary overview of Vasari's approaches to the

collecting and display of art, artifacts and memorabilia. Although the main focus of the book is on the mid-late 16th century, contributors also bring to light that Vasari's museology enjoyed a substantial afterlife well into the modern museum era. This volume is a fundamental addition to the museum studies literature and a welcome enhancement to the scholarly industry on Giorgio Vasari.

Collecting and Dynastic Ambition - Susan Bracken 2009

Dynastic Ambition, the desire to advance one's family fortune and reputation, is the reason for all kinds of sometimes bewildering behaviour and activities. Within the study of the history of collecting, many and various motives have been given that underlie the patronage and collecting of art, from personal to public, private to princely, self-interest to philanthropy. A growing interest in the commissioning, collecting and display of art in the early modern period has led to new discussions of the

motivation of princes and rulers for the collecting and display of art. Recent historians of patronage have turned to economic motivations for patronage and the development of markets in art objects. Collecting, it can be argued, goes together with genealogy; the old ruling houses mostly owned rich collections of a wide range of possessions attesting to the age and power of their lineage. The individual saw himself as part of a succession and his patronage often emphasized these dynastic links. That collecting itself could involve dynastic considerations has been less commented upon than the particular concerns of the individual. However, collecting was regarded as a princely pastime and the volume of objects in one's collection in conjunction with the value of the items and the age of the collection in general attested to the nobility of the owner's family. Hence the scions of the ruling houses of Europe were keen to extend their family's collections and willing to spend considerable amounts of money

in order to do so. Many of these collectors amassed artworks of different kinds and provenance. Antiquities, contemporary paintings and sculpture, armour and weapons, plants, animals, and objects of virtue were gathered together and displayed in residences across Europe. If a piece was particularly old or came from an exotic part of the world, it immediately acquired additional political value as part of a court culture that was firmly based on etiquette, questions of precedence, and appropriate display of splendour and wealth. This volume, the first in a series of four, presents six articles that explore the role of collecting and collections of ruling families within a time frame that runs from the late Roman Republic to the eighteenth century and within a geographical area that encompasses not only the Italian peninsula but also the Electoral court of Saxony.

[Imagining the Americas in Medici Florence](#) - Lia Markey 2016-11-30

The first full-length study of the impact of the

discovery of the Americas on Italian Renaissance art and culture, *Imagining the Americas in Medici Florence* demonstrates that the Medici grand dukes of Florence were not only great patrons of artists but also early conservators of American culture. In collecting New World objects such as featherwork, codices, turquoise, and live plants and animals, the Medici grand dukes undertook a “vicarious conquest” of the Americas. As a result of their efforts, Renaissance Florence boasted one of the largest collections of objects from the New World as well as representations of the Americas in a variety of media. Through a close examination of archival sources, including inventories and Medici letters, Lia Markey uncovers the provenance, history, and meaning of goods from and images of the Americas in Medici collections, and she shows how these novelties were incorporated into the culture of the Florentine court. More than just a study of the discoveries themselves, this volume is a vivid

exploration of the New World as it existed in the minds of the Medici and their contemporaries. Scholars of Italian and American art history will especially welcome and benefit from Markey's insight.

The Dark Heart of Florence - Tasha Alexander
2021-03-09

In the next Lady Emily Mystery, *The Dark Heart of Florence*, critically acclaimed author Tasha Alexander transports readers to the legendary city of Florence, where Lady Emily and Colin must solve a murder with clues leading back to the time of the Medici. In 1903, tensions between Britain and Germany are starting to loom over Europe, something that has not gone unnoticed by Lady Emily and her husband, Colin Hargreaves. An agent of the Crown, Colin carries the weight of the Empire, but his focus is drawn to Italy by a series of burglaries at his daughter's palazzo in Florence—burglaries that might have international ramifications. He and Emily travel to Tuscany where, soon after their

arrival, a stranger is thrown to his death from the roof onto the marble palazzo floor. Colin's trusted colleague and fellow agent, Darius Benton-Smith, arrives to assist Colin, who insists their mission must remain top secret. Finding herself excluded from the investigation, Emily secretly launches her own clandestine inquiry into the murder, aided by her spirited and witty friend, Cécile. They soon discover that the palazzo may contain a hidden treasure dating back to the days of the Medici and the violent reign of the fanatic monk, Savonarola—days that resonate in the troubled early twentieth century, an uneasy time full of intrigue, duplicity, and warring ideologies. Emily and Cécile race to untangle the cryptic clues leading them through the Renaissance city, but an unimagined danger follows closely behind. And when another violent death puts Emily directly in the path of a killer, there's much more than treasure at stake...
Atti - Florence (Italy). Consiglio comunale
1885

Collecting and the Princely Apartment - Susan Bracken 2020-05-15

Collecting is an obsession that goes back to the mists of history. While spare time and spare cash seem an absolute necessity for this kind of activity, every collector has his or her own approach to the formation of a collection. The way in which one's treasures are displayed is another important instance in which one collector differs from another. Glass cases, niches, trays, cupboards, or drawers have been adopted; sometimes cards offer information on the subject, its age and provenance; an overall theme may have prompted the choice of the actual objects displayed together; security reasons suggest one room over another. While some collectors keep their treasures as close as possible—in their bedroom, throughout their living quarters, or in a locked up closet nearby—others may find that they want to be able to show off their collection without being disturbed by visitors in the rooms in which they

actually spend most of their time. Certainly, our notions of private and public have changed considerably over the centuries and this has had an impact on questions of display and on the separation of particular parts of the house from other less accessible ones, in particular in great houses that allow for the establishment of a museum. The museum, in such cases, is quite separate from the living quarters, for example situated on the ground floor off the main hall. Not all displays were so defined; there were many forms of exhibition just as there were many forms of collections. The aims and ambitions of the collector are often discussed in terms of the display of their collections; in part because we believe that analysing how a collection was shown and how it was received are key contributors to our understanding the role and purpose of the collection. In lieu of any other documentation, inventories, sales catalogues and wills remain essential tools for the historian of collecting, both in terms of what

was owned and where it was housed. This volume, the second in a series of four, presents ten articles that explore the connection between collections and their display in, near, or separate from the princely apartment within a time frame that runs from the sixteenth century to the early nineteenth and within a geographical area that includes courts on the Italian peninsula, in England, France, The Netherlands and Germany. Iscrizioni delle chiese e d'altri edifici di Roma dal secolo XI fino ai giorni nostri - Vincenzo Forcella 1875

Art and Cartography - David Woodward
1987-02

Dr. Gary Chapman explores the Judeo-Christian teachings on love and sex and teaches couples that if they desire greater sexual satisfaction, they must first learn how to love.

History of Cartography - Leo Bagrow 2010
This illustrated work is intended to acquaint readers with the early maps produced in both

Europe and the rest of the world, and to tell us something of their development, their makers and printers, their varieties and characteristics. The authors' chief concern is with the appearance of maps: they exclude any examination of their content, or of scientific methods of mapmaking. This book ends in the second half of the eighteenth century, when craftsmanship was superseded by specialized science and the machine. As a history of the evolution of the early map, it is a stunning work of art and science. This expanded second edition of Bagrow and Skelton's History of Cartography marks the reappearance of this seminal work after a hiatus of nearly a half century. As a reprint project undertaken many years after the book last appeared, finding suitable materials to work from proved to be no easy task. Because of the wealth of monochrome and color plates, the book could only be properly reproduced using the original materials. Ultimately the authors were able to obtain materials from the original

printer Scotchprints or contact films made directly from original plates, thus allowing the work to preserve the beauty and clarity of the illustrations. Old maps, collated with other materials, help us to elucidate the course of human history. It was not until the eighteenth century, however, that maps were gradually stripped of their artistic decoration and transformed into plain, specialist sources of information based upon measurement. Maps are objects of historical, artistic, and cultural significance, and thus collecting them seems to need no justification, simply enjoyment.

Iscrizioni delle chiese e d'altri edifici di Roma dal secolo 11. fino ai giorni nostri - 1875

Igino Benvenuto Supino e la fotografia - Paolo Giuliani 2010

Bologna. Tra il 1915 e il 1918, Igino Benvenuto Supino (Pisa 1858 - Bologna 1940), docente di Storia dell'Arte presso l'Università, donò al nascente archivio fotografico della Regia

Pinacoteca di Bologna - diretta dal neo direttore Francesco Malaguzzi Valeri (Reggio Emilia 1867 - Bologna 1928) - una collezione di circa 500 fotografie. Molte di queste furono impiegate, dallo studioso pisano, per le sue prime pubblicazioni d'arte, edite dai Fratelli Alinari. Il libro è corredato da quarantacinque immagini, e da un estratto della scheda di catalogo del Fondo Malaguzzi Valeri, dal quale provengono le fotografie pubblicate. Tra queste pagine, vorrebbe esserci l'ambizione di mostrare una piccola particella di una materia che si suddivide in Storiografia Artistica e Storia della Fotografia d'Arte. Tali elementi sono strettamente legati dal sapere, dalla cultura, dalla conoscenza di chi è stato in grado di unirli, per creare nuova conoscenza e per renderla condivisibile e aperta.

I Medici e le scienze - Filippo Camerota 2008

La sala delle carte geografiche in Palazzo Vecchio - Alessandro Cecchi 2008

Prestigiosa edizione cartonata, ricca di

fotografie e illustrazioni, il volume offre uno scorcio del mondo come era conosciuto nel Cinquecento attraverso le mappe e i cartigli della Sala delle Carte geografiche di Palazzo Vecchio a Firenze. La Sala, progettata da Giorgio Vasari e da Cosimo I dei Medici, è stata oggetto per la prima volta di uno studio sistematico nel corso del 2005 e del 2006: la ricerca multidisciplinare, coordinata da Paola Pacetti e Alessandro Cecchi, si è concentrata in particolare sulle cinquantatré tavole raffiguranti i vari paesi del mondo e sul grande globo terrestre centrale. Il volume riporta una selezione delle molte meraviglie e peculiarità dell'impianto decorativo della Sala, mettendone in risalto i vari aspetti storici e progettuali. I particolari delle mappe, come le didascalie, gli eleganti motivi ornamentali ed i disegni fantastici, ci raccontano la storia del mondo visto dai cosmologi ai tempi di Cosimo I. Presentazioni di: Aureliano Benedetti, Leonardo Domenici, Cristina Acidini e Eugenio Giani Testi di: Paola

Pacetti, Giovanna Lazzi, Alessandro Cecchi, Elisabetta Stumpo, Massimo Marcolin e Giancarlo Lombardi.

Rome - Marcia B. Hall 2005-04-18

Publisher Description

[Bollettino della Società geografica italiana - 1921](#)

Studi su Jacopo Barozzi da Vignola - AA. VV.

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Bollettino della Società geografica italiana - Società geografica italiana 1920

[Bibliographie D'histoire de L'art](#) - 1998

Gallery of Maps in the Vatican - Alvise Chiggiato 1994

The American Cartographer - 1989

Regnum Chinae: The Printed Western Maps

of China to 1735 - Marco Caboara 2022-10-24

This study reproduces and describes, for the first time, all the maps of China printed in Europe between 1584 and 1735, unravelling the origin of each individual map, their different printing, issues and publication dates.

Renaissance Art & Science @ Florence -

Susan B. Puett 2016-08-25

The creativity of the human mind was brilliantly displayed during the Florentine Renaissance when artists, mathematicians, astronomers, apothecaries, architects, and others embraced the interconnectedness of their disciplines.

Artists used mathematical perspective in painting and scientific techniques to create new materials; hospitals used art to invigorate the soul; apothecaries prepared and dispensed, often from the same plants, both medicinals for patients and pigments for painters; utilitarian glassware and maps became objects to be admired for their beauty; art enhanced depictions of scientific observations; and

innovations in construction made buildings canvases for artistic grandeur. An exploration of these and other intersections of art and science deepens our appreciation of the magnificent contributions of the extraordinary Florentines.

Distinguished Figures in Descriptive Geometry and Its Applications for Mechanism Science - Michela Cigola 2015-07-27

This book consists of chapters that focus specifically on single figures that worked on Descriptive Geometry and also in Mechanisms Sciences and contain biographical notes, a survey of their work and their achievements, together with a modern interpretation of their legacy. Since Vitruvius in ancient times, and with Brunelleschi in the Renaissance, the two disciplines began to share a common direction which, over the centuries, took shape through less well-known figures until the more recent times in which Gaspard Monge worked. Over the years, a gap has been created between Descriptive Geometry and Mechanism Science,

which now appear to belong to different worlds. In reality, however, there is a very close relationship between the two disciplines, with a link based on extremely solid foundations. Without the theoretical foundations of Geometry it would not be possible to draw and design mechanical parts such as gears, while in Kinematics it would be less easy to design and predict the reciprocal movements of parts in a complex mechanical assembly.

Giorgio La Pira: i capitoli di una vita -

Giovanni Spinoso 2022-05-25

Per raccontare i «capitoli della vita» di Giorgio La Pira (Pozzallo 1904-Firenze 1977) è stato scelto un ordine cronologico. Basandosi su una minuziosa ricerca e proponendo una ampia documentazione inedita, si descrivono i molteplici impegni che - anno dopo anno - il Professore si è trovato ad assumere ed i vari campi della sua azione, a partire dagli anni della sua formazione in Sicilia. Giovanissimo docente universitario di Diritto romano, intellettuale

impegnato nel contrasto al fascismo, costituente, parlamentare, sindaco di Firenze, presidente della Federazione mondiale delle città unite, La Pira ha caratterizzato la sua testimonianza in tutti questi ambiti con la fedeltà alla sua profonda fede e con la concreta attenzione agli ultimi, ai poveri, alla difesa del lavoro, del diritto alla casa, della giustizia sociale; e del basilare diritto alla libertà e alla pace. Per ogni anno viene riportato un riepilogo di tutte le attività del Professore. L'opera è corredata da oltre mille schede biografiche e da una ampia bibliografia. Una solida base di partenza per ulteriori ricerche, ma anche un utile strumento per percorsi di riflessione e di studio sulla vita e il pensiero di Giorgio La Pira.

La Sala Delle Carte Geografiche in Palazzo Vecchio - Paola Pacetti 2018

This illustrated edition shows the Earth as it was known in the sixteenth century through the maps and images of the Map Room in the Florentine Palazzo Vecchio. Different

contributions (by Monica Consoli, Massimo Marcolin, Paola Pacetti, Valentina Zucchi) examine in particular the 53 panels depicting various countries as well as the large central globe. The volume refers to various selections of marvelous or peculiar images included in the room's decorations, which together with the maps reflect the cosmological view of the world and its history during the time of Cosimo Medici I. «This invention and caprice was conceived by Duke Cosimo to bring together all of the things of Heaven and Earth, correctly and without error, and to be able to see and measure them, both separately and all together, for those who delight in studying this wonderful profession...» (Giorgio Vasari) 1st Italian edition: June 2007 1st English edition: December 2014 2nd Italian edition: November 2017

INFERNO - a spasso per Firenze sulle orme di Robert Langdon - Laura Novi 2019-03-12

La guida che consente di scoprire tutti i luoghi di "Inferno", il romanzo di Dan Brown. L'idea

nasce dal successo di un primo opuscolo, ?Il Louvre sulle orme di Robert Langdon?, che ? andato a ruba passando di mano in mano tra i turisti presenti al Museo. La stessa idea viene ora riproposta in maniera pi? completa: grazie alla sua conoscenza di Firenze, l'autrice, fiorentina da generazioni, ci prende per mano e ci fa conoscere la sua citt?, da Viale Machiavelli al Giardino di Boboli per arrivare, seguendo il percorso del Corridoio Vasariano, nelle Sale di Palazzo Vecchio e poi via, attraverso la citt?. I brani del romanzo che descrivono Firenze sono fedelmente riportati, accostati alla descrizione di ci? che stiamo visitando ed accompagnati da aneddoti che solo i fiorentini conoscono. Non mancano notizie curiose, indicazioni dei film girati in quei luoghi e note gastronomiche. Un occhio di riguardo alle esigenze dei disabili, con indicazioni sulla accessibilit? dei vari luoghi visitati.

Library of Congress Subject Headings - Library of Congress. Cataloging Policy and Support

Office 2009

The National Union Catalog, Pre-1956 Imprints -
Library of Congress 1979

Women Patrons and Collectors - Andrea M.
Gáldy 2011-10-18

In looking at the history of collecting, one may be excused for regarding it as an activity in which, traditionally, women have shown little interest or in which they have not been involved. As the present volume shows, women—particularly aristocratic women—not only resisted this discrimination through the ages, but also built important collections and used them to their own advantage, in order to make statements about their lineage, power, cultural heritage or religious preferences. That is not to say that there was not an increasing

number of middle-class women who became draughtswomen, painters and natural scientists and who found it equally beneficial for their chosen profession to collect. In every case, the female collector chose to collect and what to collect; she chose how and where to present the collection and she also decided when to dispose of objects, thereby occasionally taking on a curatorial role. Women have been seen as gatherers of furnishings, jewellery, dress and objects of domestic life. This third volume in the *Collecting & Display* series of conference proceedings challenges such perceptions through the detailed analysis of different types of collecting by women from the early modern period onwards; it thus seeks to give a voice to a group of important female collectors from the sixteenth to the early nineteenth century whose importance for the history of collecting has not yet, or not sufficiently, been acknowledged.